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Unit Seven, Section Three: India Gains Independence

Indian nationalism had been growing since the mid-1800s. Many upper-class Indians who attended British schools learned European views of nationalism and democracy. They began to apply these political ideas to their own country. Well educated Indians began to resent the two centuries of British rule.

Two groups formed to rid India of foreign rule, the Indian National Congress in 1885 and the Muslim League in 1906. Though deep divisions existed between Hindus and Muslims, they found common ground. They shared the heritage of British rule and an understanding of democratic ideals. These two groups both worked toward the goal of national independence.

**Emergence of Mohandas Gandhi**



CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE:

**Campaign for Independence**